applicable statutes, regulations, and manuals and directives of the Department of the Navy, and other written public expressions of policy by competent authority:

(a) 10 U.S.C. 1553, Review of discharge or dismissal:

(1) "The Secretary concerned shall, after consulting the Administrator of Veterans' Affairs, establish a board of review, consisting of five members, to review the discharge or dismissal (other than a discharge or dismissal by sentence of a general court-martial) of any former member of an armed force under the jurisdiction of his department upon its own motion or upon the request of the former member or, if he is dead, his surviving spouse, next of kin, or legal representative. A motion or request for review must be made within 15 years after the date of the discharge or dismissal.

(2) A board established under this section may, subject to review by the Secretary concerned, change a discharge or dismissal, or issue a new dis-

charge, to reflect its findings.

- (3) A review by the board established under this section shall be based on the records of the armed forces concerned and such other evidence as may be presented to the board. A witness may present evidence to the board in person or by affidavit. A person who requests a review under this section may appear before the board in person or by counsel or an accredited representative or an organization recognized by the Administrator of Veterans' Affairs under title 38 U.S.C. 3401 et seq.''.
 - (b) *Pub. L. 95-126.* See appendix D.
- (c) 32 CFR part 70. This provides for uniform standards and procedures for review of discharges from the military services of the Department of Defense. The provisions of 32 CFR part 70 are incorporated in this Manual.

(d) The Secretary of Defense memoranda dated August 13, 1971 and April 28, 1972 (NOTAL). These directed a review for recharacterization of (1) administrative discharges under other than honorable conditions issued solely on the basis of personal use of drugs or possession of drugs for the purpose of such use, and (2) punitive discharges and dismissals issued solely for conviction of personal use of drugs and pos-

session for the purpose of such use for those discharges executed as a result of a case completed or in process on or before July 7, 1971. (See appendix B).

(e) 32 CFR part 41. This prescribes policy, standards and procedures which govern the administrative separation of enlisted persons from the Armed Forces.

§ 724.203 Broad objectives of naval discharge review.

Naval discharge review shall have as its broad objectives:

- (a) The furtherance of good order and discipline.
- (b) The correction of injustice or inequity in the discharge issued.
- (c) The correction of administrative or clerical errors.

§ 724.204 Eligibility for naval discharge review.

Any former member of the Naval Service, eligible for review under reference (a) or surviving spouse, next of kin or legal representative, shall upon submission of an application be afforded a review of the member's discharge from the Naval Service as provided in §§724.205 and 724.206. Discharge review may also be initiated on the motion of the NDRB (See §724.220).

§ 724.205 Authority for review of naval discharges; jurisdictional limitations.

- (a) The Board shall have no authority to:
- (1) Review a discharge or dismissal resulting from a general court-martial;
- (2) Alter the judgment of a courtmartial, except the discharge or dismissal awarded may be changed for purposes of clemency;
- (3) Revoke any discharge or dismissal;
- (4) Reinstate a person in the naval service;
- (5) Recall a former member to active duty;
 - (6) Change a reenlistment code;
- (7) Make recommendations for reenlistment to permit entry in the naval service or any other branch of the Armed Forces;
- (8) Cancel or void enlistment contracts; or